

# Dame Janet Primary Academy

## Teaching and Learning Policy



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<b>Name of Responsible Manager</b> Executive Headteacher: <b>Mr S Atkinson</b> Head of School: <b>Mrs G Sherwin</b>	

## 1.1 Mission Statement

Dame Janet Primary Academy provides all pupils with an exciting and enriching quality curriculum with the key skills and meaningful experiences needed to become lifelong learners. Our whole school community works together for the shared goal of pupil achievement whilst upholding the highest respect for one another in a caring and safe environment.

“Together, we go on our learning journey with dedication, integrity and a passion for outstanding achievement”

## 1.2 PRINCIPLES OF TEACHING AND LEARNING

Learning is the purpose of the whole school and is a shared commitment. At Dame Janet Primary Academy, we recognise that education involves children, parents, staff, governors, the community and the local authority, and that for optimum benefit all should work closely together to support the process of learning. Working in partnership, we aim to:

- provide a supportive, positive, healthy, caring and safe environment, which has high expectations and values all members of the school community;
- recognise the needs and aspirations of all individuals and provide opportunities for all pupils to make the best possible progress and attain the highest personal achievements;
- ensure children can develop as literate and numerate competent individuals, within a broad, balanced, exciting and challenging curriculum;
- provide rich and varied contexts and experiences for pupils to acquire, develop and apply a broad range of knowledge, skills and understanding;
- develop individuals with lively, enquiring minds, good thinking skills, self-respect, self-discipline and positive attitudes;
- encourage all children to be enthusiastic and committed learners, promoting their self-esteem, self-worth and emotional well-being;
- develop children’s confidence and capacity to learn and work independently and collaboratively;
- encourage children to value the diversity in our society and the environment in which they live;
- encourage children to become active and responsible citizens, contributing positively to the community and society.

‘Creating excellence together.’

Everything we do, makes a difference to the children’s well-being, academically, socially, physically and emotionally.

### **1.3 Vision**

Our vision for the next phase in Dame Janet Primary Academy's development is to have a school with high expectations for all.

All pupils will be given every opportunity to achieve their capabilities and encouraged to learn about and develop their hidden talents in order to reach high levels of achievement.

All members of our school community will be fully equipped to meet all pupils' needs through appropriate professional development; the academy group and local management team will provide appropriate challenge and support in all areas of school life. DJPA will be an outstanding school. Therefore, in order to maximise the life chances of our children it is expected that teaching will be judged as good or better 100% of the time.

### **1.4 Values**

All staff must demonstrate the school values at all times:

**Determination**

**Joy**

**Pride**

**Achievement**

### **Reading**

At DJPA, we value the importance of sharing texts through all subjects. We teach our children reading through our Read, Lead, Succeed lessons. When teaching the acquisition of new reading skills, we understand that quality whole class teacher talk and the modelling of reading strategies is of utmost importance. We use classroom discussion to promote reading for pleasure amongst children and adults which challenges, extends and enriches the way children think about reading. Letters and Sounds is used to teach phonics, along with teaching children structure, inference and pleasure in reading.

### **Writing**

Writing is an opportunity for children to express themselves, be creative, express ideas, opinions and show their true self. At DJPA, we use imitation, innovation and invention to develop our writer's style. High quality texts are given at all points in a topic to ensure that the use of the spoken word develops high vocabulary within a context that children can use daily. Our teachers plan lessons in a progressive manner which are directly tailored to the needs and interests of our children.

## Maths

At DJPA, we recognise that reasoning is a strong thread that is vitally woven through our curriculum; DJPA children are given daily opportunities to reason. We adopt a split lesson approach to teaching Maths, ensuring new skills are learnt daily and applied to real-life situations. Numicon is used to support the teaching of Maths to broaden and deepen understanding of mathematical concepts.

## Project

Our Project Learning, at DJPA, is taught through a topic based approach where subjects are linked to an overall theme. Hook events, a topic purpose and exit points/ events are planned in to each topic giving our children an immersive, well-rounded approach to their learning. Learning is shared with other classes, year groups and parents at the end of topics. Our project lessons challenge conventional ways of learning and allow our children to develop a deep and critical way of thinking.

### 2.1 Planning

- a). English and Maths planning should be linked to the National Curriculum statements using the schools tracking grids, and the teaching sequence should be clearly recorded on planning. It should be in line with National Curriculum requirements. The use of ICT e.g. websites or presentations, will also be clearly recorded.
- b). Project teaching which includes Science will be based on the Creative Curriculum and should be in line with National Curriculum requirements.
- c). Learning objectives (L.O.) and teaching sequence should be clearly recorded on the planning, along with differentiated activities and supported groups.
- d). Assessment opportunities should be identified and may take the form of questioning, observation or finished product.
- e). Targets, whole-school, group or individual, will be identified and communicated to children.

### 2.2 Teaching and Learning

- a). Children will be made fully aware of the L.O. related to their learning which will be referred to during the lesson and plenary. A variety of strategies may be used during the teaching aspect; visual, auditory or kinaesthetic. Cross-curricular links will be identified and shared with the children.
- b). Activities to develop a child's learning will be developed from the teaching input and will be linked to the L.O.
- c). At the end of the lesson, children will evaluate their learning using smiley faces peer assessment matching their work closely to the L.O.
- d). Marking and purple polishing time will be in line with the feedback Policy.

## 2.3 Learning Styles

- a). It is expected that teachers will analyse the preferred learning style of the children in their class and take as many opportunities to support the children's learning by providing them with these opportunities as often as possible.

**Visual Learners** – prefer teaching and learning materials which include; pictures, mind-maps, computers, interactive whiteboards, diagrams, flow charts, key words, television extracts and video clips. They also like work which is in colour as it aids retention, different colours on diagrams to denote different meanings, highlighter pens on written notes, information in bullet point format or using key words.

**Auditory Learner** – prefer teaching and learning opportunities which use sounds and voices and prefer teaching and learning activities which are organised into discussion group work which helps with the understanding of the task, talking through demonstrations, making auditory recordings instead of written notes and use computers.

**Kinaesthetic Learner** – often enjoy sessions where teacher demonstrates a skill and then gives them a practical task, enabling them to feel, touch and practise their skills. Teaching and learning could involve activities which require them to touch and feel and activities which are practical.

## 2.4 Differentiation

The individualised learning pathway can be achieved through four main ways:

- through differentiated learning objectives/learning outcome;
  - through tasks;
  - time allowed.
  - use of other adults and intervention
- a) **Differentiation by learning objectives/learning outcome:**  
Allowing work to be presented in different ways e.g. discussion, a poster, report, verbal (radio/television style) or ICT presentation.
- b). **Differentiation through tasks:**  
This could be based around ability groups, use of 'help' sheets which offer advice on 'how to' complete work and extension exercises. Graduated tasks could be used, including understanding and development tasks.
- c). **Time allowed:**  
Use of different starting points and allowing progress at different rates through length of time allowed, or independent learning (working individually on a project),
- d). **Use of other Adults**  
Teaching Assistant, Parent helpers and trainees need to be fully aware of the outcomes of the task, and the steps involved in their work with the children.

## 2.5 Questioning

The use of open and closed questioning is vital to teaching and learning. Questions are used to assess children's starting points, to deepen understanding and to check children's progress. A range of question types should be used from literal to higher order.

## 2.6 Teaching Assistants

- a). Teaching Assistants should be given clear group objectives for the children they are working with and should be aware of whole class lesson objectives. There should be a sound understanding of the skills and knowledge the class and their group is working towards. There should also be a feedback of the task at the end of the session, either written or verbal. Teaching assistants should be fully involved in whole class, group and individual assessments and active in this role throughout the lesson.

## 2.7 Assessment

- a). Teacher assessment of a child's understanding will be conducted through recorded assessment opportunities.
- b). Formative and summative assessments should be in line with the school's agreed Assessment Policy

## 3.1 Displays

The focus of display in the classroom is learning and the focus of display in public areas of the school is celebration and information.

In classrooms the main focus of display is to reinforce and support children's learning. The title of each board should be 'Creating Excelling in....'. Key displays should include:

- Letters and Sounds resources
- Maths display
- English display
- Project display
- Read, Lead Succeed display
- Science display

Children's work should also be celebrated and this can be displayed around the many display boards in the corridors and other public places.

Displays should be interactive, exciting and will encourage people to stop and look. Display should also include 3 dimensional work or artefacts and not be exclusive to 2 dimensional pieces on a wall. Displays should also be tidy and changed regularly; these should be changed at least every term.

## 3.2 Classroom Displays

Every classroom has a display for English, Mathematics, Science and Project that is physically accessible to all children.

**A display is:**

- A place where children can find key information about their current learning
- Added to over a series of lessons
- A place where anyone can make a contribution
- A storehouse of information and ideas – vocabulary, guidance, images, diagrams
- Frequently changed to be current
- Adapted to suit purpose
- Age related
- A place to display targets
- Explicit acknowledgement of children's contributions
- A place that has visual impact
- Confidence building
- Constantly used and referred to
- A place for planning / structure of children's work
- A teaching aid reinforcing teaching points

Resources and Study Packs need to be accessible to children at all times.

## 3.3 Resources

Classroom and central resources are the responsibility of classroom teachers who ensure that:

- there is a range of appropriate, accessible and labelled resources available for which pupils can select materials suitable to the task in hand;
- all children know where classroom resources are kept and the rules about their access and use;
- children are encouraged to act independently in choosing, collecting and returning resources where appropriate;
- the library is a valued resource and used appropriately;
- children work together to establish an attractive, welcoming and well organised environment engendering respect, care and value for all resources.

Each classroom will be equipped with a basic set of resources and books appropriate to the age range. Specialist resources will be stored in the appropriate curriculum resource cupboard/area. Consumables will be replenished as necessary.

Pupils will be taught how to use all resources correctly and safely, with care and respect and with regard for Health and Safety and waste. Care will be taken to ensure that resources reflect the cultural and linguistic diversity of our society, and that all pupils have equality of access

## **4.1 Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND)/Inclusion**

There are many barriers to learning such as learning difficulties, EAL, social or emotional needs. It is the responsibility of the school to provide the child and teacher with additional support and resources. Our SENCO and our SEN Team will support these children and provide a programme to support their needs.

The SENCO is responsible for all children on the Special Educational Needs Register. The Wellbeing Team are responsible for pastoral care including medical needs, attendance and safeguarding. Children who are experiencing learning difficulties should be referred to the SENCO using the referral pro-forma. Children who are experiencing behavioural/emotional difficulties should be referred to the Wellbeing Team.

## **4.2 Behaviour Management & Pastoral Care**

It is the responsibility of all staff to ensure that the school rules are enforced not only in their classes, but in and around school. We have high expectations of the children with regard to behaviour, and strive to ensure that all children work to the best of their ability. Our aim is to keep behavioural issues to a minimum. All staff are required to read the school's rewards and sanctions behaviour management policy.

The children are given verbal guidelines, constantly reinforced, on how to behave in the school and in such a way that they will not endanger their own, or another person's safety, e.g. walking in corridors, supervised play areas, opening or closing windows.

The class teacher is the front-line pastoral carer, who takes registration each morning and sorts out any immediate problems the children may have with regard to the school day. The class teacher will need to be aware of any children with medical issues within their class but also children across the academy that they may come into contact with and know their needs.

Any inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour is dealt with immediately and verbally by a member of staff. This may also be discussed with a parent at the end of the day or noted in the Home/School Communication Book. If a child, by his/her behaviour puts his/her own safety or the safety of others in jeopardy, parents will be informed straight away.

If children are happy, focused and engaged in class then there is very little chance of inappropriate behaviour. However, from time to time children do display behaviours that are inappropriate and get in the way of other children's learning.